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TECH NOTE # TN 04-2	ISSUE DATE: ISSUED BY: PAGE:	Oct 2004 Mike Ulrich 1 of 7	
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## **PRODUCT(S) AFFECTED:**

SWR LA12 and LA15 Bass Amplifiers; all voltages.

#### SYMPTOMS:

Power Amp Bias misadjustment and/or incorrect heatsinking of  $V_{BE}$  Multiplier transistor Q2 which can lead to catastrophic failure on the Power Amp PCB assembly.

#### **CONDITION:**

Over biasing the Power Amp causes the current at the Output emitter resistors to reach levels between 625mA to 1.25A. Also, some cases show the  $V_{BE}$  multiplier transistor Q2 is not properly attached to the heatsink. The above two conditions can contribute to thermal runaway occurring on the Power Amp. This will lead to the catastrophic failure by either R6 or R9 igniting when the unit is at idle (unit powered ON with no instrument input). This proceeds to destroying the PCB assembly.

#### PARTS REQUIRED:

None

## **REQUIRED ACTION:**

# <u>Take the following corrective actions (reference attached schematic and PCB assembly</u> drawings):

- 1. Remove chassis from cabinet by removing 10 mounting screws. Lift the chassis out the rear of the cabinet. Disconnect the speaker wiring from cabinet by removing the cable clamp from the inside of the cabinet. Disconnect the speaker wiring from the tweeter and main speaker, noting wire color and polarity connections to the speakers.
- 2. Verify that Q1, Q2 and Q3 are properly attached to the heatsink.
- 3. Perform the bias re-adjustment with the following equipment: Signal generator, Oscilloscope, Volt meter, Two-Ohm load:
  - a. Set the signal generator output for 60mv at 1 KHz.
  - b. Connect a 2 ohm load to the main speaker wiring. White wire is (+), Green wire is (-).
  - c. Turn the unit ON. Run input signal through "Mix In" jack. Monitor the signal on an oscilloscope at .2 Volts/Div, .2ms Time/Div, 1x probe.
  - d. Adjust the trim pot, VR1, such that the signal should have a prominent crossover notch at about zero crossing.
  - e. Adjust the bias trim pot just pass the point where the crossover notch disappears.
  - f. Attach the Volt Meter leads across both emitter resistors R3 and R4, so that one lead is attached to emitter of Q3 and the other lead is attached to the collector of Q1.
  - g. Remove the 2 ohm load (so that the power amp is looking at an open load) and observe the Volt Meter reading. Adjust the trim pot to read approximately 4mV. This will set the bias current to 20mA in the output string. You may notice the voltage reading increasing/decreasing while the amplifier is idling. This is normal for this amplifier configuration.
- 4. It may be necessary to reset the limiter circuit located on the Pre Amp PCB assembly. Change generator to 160mV, 100 Hz signal. Change load to 8 ohms. Plug into "Input" jack with tone controls set flat (12:00) and master volume at 100%.
- 5. To set the limiter, adjust the limiter trim pot (R44 on Pre Amp PCB) until you get the following at the speaker output:
  - a. LA 15 = 16.5VAC
  - b. LA 12 = 15VAC
- 6. Turn OFF unit and disconnect test equipment.
- 7. Re-connect speaker wiring to speaker and tweeter. Re-attach speaker clamp to inside of the cabinet. Install chassis to cabinet.

# WARRANTY CLAIM INSTRUCTIONS:

The above corrective action should be performed on any LA12 or LA15 <u>currently under their</u> <u>applicable warranty period which falls within the serial number range IA04A thru IA04K</u>. For proper labor reimbursement please indicate the Tech Note Number <u>**TN 04-2**</u> in the Special Authorization Box (Box #12) on the FMIC Warranty Claim Form. Labor reimbursement = 1/2 hour (U.S. and Canada only).







Ox6 Layer One - Routing





